

Perceptions of what a good life, enjoyment and environmental enrichment mean for farm animals:

Summary report of an interview study

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### **CONTENTS**

- Background
- Key themes
- Interview responses
- Post-interview reflections
- Next steps

# **Background:**

Positive animal welfare (PAW) is a relatively recent concept that emphasises animals having positive experiences and a good quality of life.

Little is known about how stakeholders involved in farm animal supply chains perceive these ideas.

## This study:

We interviewed 15 stakeholders with broad and practical experience of farm animal welfare.

Our aim was to better understand perspectives on a good life, enjoyment, and environmental enrichment in farm animals including fish.

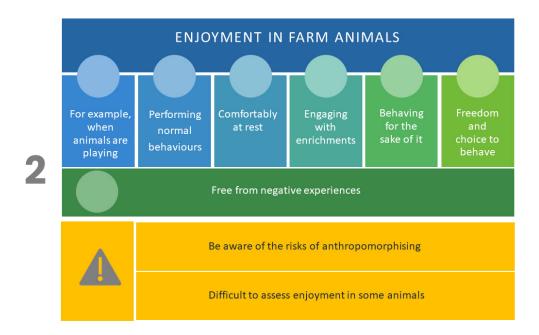
This summary highlights the key themes we identified from these interviews using thematic analysis.

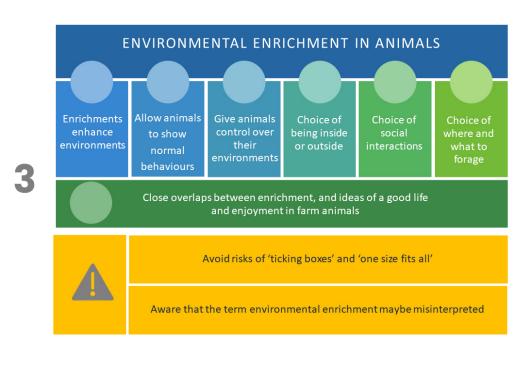
We also provide example quotes from the interviews to help illustrate the key themes. We finally reflect on the interview process and the next steps with the study.



# KEY THEMES

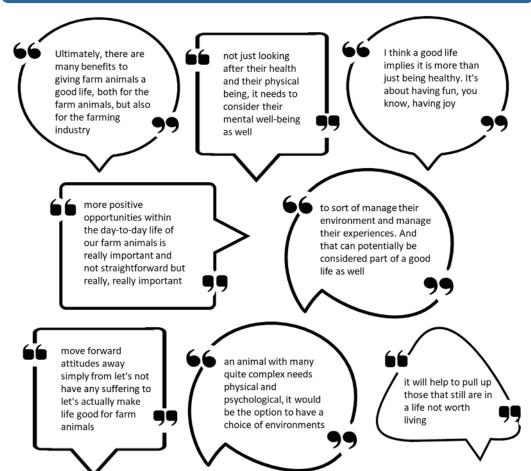
# Pleasure and contentment Caring responsible stockpeople Stockpeople A good life for farm animals depends on the quality of the environment environment Caring Opportunities Having choices to behave Experiences Positive experiences Positive experiences



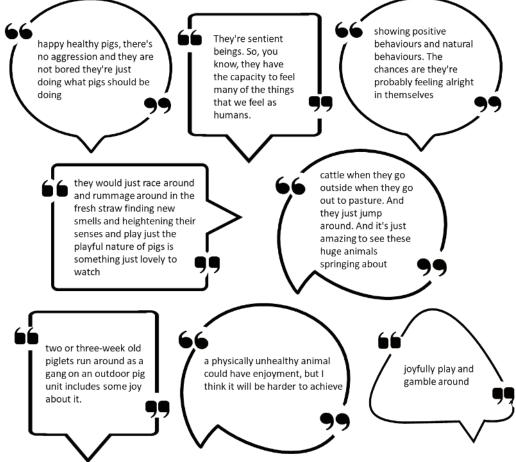




# **A GOOD LIFE**

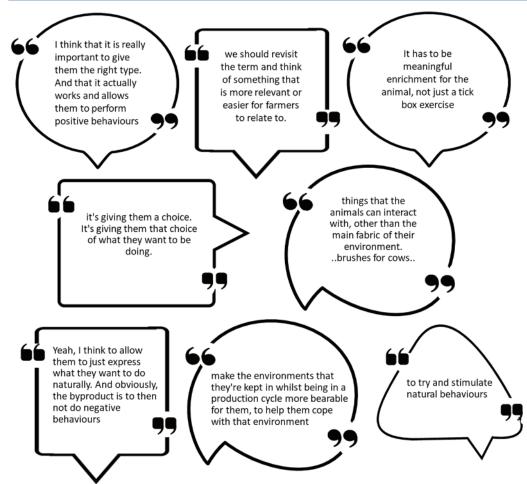


# **ENJOYMENT**





# **ENVIRONMENTAL ENRICHMENT: FARM ANIMALS**



### **Post-interview reflections**

We have circulated an initial draft of this summary to the participants and taken account of their comments in this version. Compiling this new version has also allowed us to reflect on the interviews. Aspects that stand out include:

- The general agreement across the interviews of what constitutes a good life for a farm animal. Participants' ideas of a good life include the absence of harms and the importance of animals having positive experiences. This matches to the scientific view that positive animal welfare (PAW) is dependent on removal of negative experiences.
- The recognition that there is a need for further research including:
  (a) development of PAW indicators;
  - (b) estimation of the biological benefits of enrichment to help refine farmers' use of enrichments and to incentivise wider uptake;
  - (c) understanding more of the species-specific nature of enrichment and to base enrichments on their biological efficacy for different species.



## **Post-interview reflections**

 An observation made by a participant (below) in response to our first draft indicates the extent of the challenge we face in giving farm animals a good life.

> "I am convinced that we can only give farm animals a worthy life by changing housing systems drastically (and only by reducing animal numbers)"

# **Next steps**

We continue work on these interviews with the aim of publishing a peer reviewed paper in due course. In the meantime, we would like to thank all participants for willingly giving their time and their thoughtful contributions to the interviews.

# **Acknowledgements**

The authors receive grant-in-aid from the Scottish Government's Rural and Environment Science and Analytical Services Division (RESAS SRUC-A3).





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